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Status of monsoon, Progress in *kharif* Sowing and Agromet Advisories for Some Deficit/Excess Rainfall Areas

1. Status of southwest monsoon

Southwest monsoon has set in over Kerala on 30 May 2017. As on today, the monsoon has covered almost all parts of the country, except few areas viz., Punjab, parts of Western Rajasthan and Haryana. During 1 June – 9 July, country as a whole received 238 mm rainfall, which is 2% less than the normal rainfall of the country for the same period (242.5 mm). Districts which received rainfall less than 50% of normal during June 1- July 9 were identified and depicted in Figure 1, Table 2 & 3.

2. Progress in kharif sowing (Source: Press Information Bureau and Ministry of Agriculture and Farmers' Welfare, Govt. of India)

The total sown area of major crops as on 7th July, 2017 (as per reports received from states), stands at 404 lakh hectare as compared to 371 lakh hectare, as on this date last year (Table 1).

| C | \mathcal{C} | ` |
|----------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Crop | Area sown in 2017 | Area sown in 2016 |
| Rice | 79.81 | 75.28 |
| Pulses | 44.11 | 35.88 |
| Coarse Cereals | 80.78 | 70.11 |
| Oilseeds | 72.87 | 69.74 |
| Sugarcane | 47.93 | 45.22 |
| Jute & Mesta | 6.95 | 7.27 |
| Cotton | 71.82 | 67.89 |
| Total | 404.27 | 379.39 |

Table 1: Progress in kharif sowing in India as on 30th June 2017 (Area in Lakh hectare)

3. Agromet Advisories

A. Flood/excess rainfall condition

Assam

The state has so far received 614 mm rainfall, which is 11% deficit, compared to the normal rainfall for the same period (688 mm). However, flood situation prevails in many parts of the state. Nine Districts of the state have been affected by flood in which Karimganj district being the worst hit. Other flood hit districts are Lakhimpur, Sivasagar, Golaghat, Jorhat, Sonitpur, Hojai and Cachar.

Contingency measures to be taken under flood

- Suitable paddy cultivars for flood prone area: Luit
- Suitable paddy tolerant to 15 days submergence: Swarna Sub-1, Jalashree, Jalkunwari, Plaban
- Suitable paddy cultivars for delayed transplanting with aged seedling: Padumoni, Prafulla, Gitesh
- Suitable paddy cultivars for normal planting: Ranjit, Bahadur, Maniram, Kushal, Piolee, Pankaj, Lakhimi
- Suitable medium duration paddy cultivars: Satyaranjan, Basundhara

Post-flood condition

- After receding of flood water, go for wet seeding of sprouted rice, wherever possible, with short duration cultivars.
- Otherwise, plan for sowing of green gram, lentil, early rabi vegetables etc.

Jammu & Kashmir

The state has received 173 mm rainfall (67% surplus) so far.

- Farmers are advised to prepare bunds in their paddy fields for *in situ* storage of rain water for utilizing the same for puddling.
- Continue transplanting of paddy cultivars IET-1410, Ratna, PC-19, SJR-5 & Jaya
- Sowing of the Maize (cv. Vivek-25, Vivek QPM-9 HM-5 and HQPM-1) and Pearl millet (cv. HHB-60, HHB-67) can also be undertaken.

B. Deficit rainfall condition

Karnataka

South Interior Karnataka has received 137 mm (34% deficit), North Interior Karnataka received 147 mm (5% surplus) and Coastal Karnataka received 1098 mm (9% deficit) of rainfall during June 1- July 9.

South Interior Karnataka

- Since there is a deficit rainfall during this month, protective irrigation may be given for the crop sown with the pre-monsoon showers.
- The following crops are suggested for sowing in this month

Under monocropping the long duration crops:

- Pigeon pea: TTB-7, BRG-1,2,4&5
- Castor: DCS-9 (Jyothi), DCH-177&32

Under double cropping, the short duration crops:

- Ragi: Indaf -8, ML-365 , MR-1,2 and 6,GPU-48&66
- Maize: Ganga-11, Deccan -103, Vijaya composite, Composite NAC-6004 & 6002, Hybrid-Nityashree (NAH-2049)
- Groundnut: TMV-2, JL-24, KCG-6 & 2
- Black gram: Karagao-3, T-9, Rashmi (LBG-625)

• Agro forestry on the bund involving *Melia dubia* (Hebbevu), Silver oak and Causurina is recommended for sustainable income under abnormal extreme rainfall events.

Kerala

The state so far has received 711 mm rainfall, which is 20% deficient compared to the normal (891 mm).

- Paddy: Transplanting of *virippu* paddy is over. In order to control sheath blight in one month old crop, spray Pseudomonas culture 10 g/1 litre of water
- Arecanut: Provide proper drainage facilities. Spray 1% Bordeaux mixture as a prophylactic measure to control mahali and bud rot diseases.
- Banana: Due to the monsoon showers, there is chance of Sigatoka disease in banana. As a precaution, spray Pseudomonas 20g/L. In case of severe attack, spray 1 g Bavistin by mixing it with gum in 1 litre of water on lower surface of leaves.
- Cashew: Root and stem borer Chisel out the grubs and swab the tree trunk with Acephate 2g/l of water. Swabbing (adult trees only) with coal tar kerosene mixture at 1:2 proportion is also recommended.

Maharashtra

Rainfall received in major meteorological sub-divisions of the state are as follows:

Vidarbha – 194 mm (24% deficit); Marathwada – 194 mm (1% surplus); Madhya Maharashtra- 239 mm (12% deficit) and Konkan- 1065 mm (3% surplus)

Vidarbha

- For cotton in areas with delayed sowing condition (up to 15 July), prefer early varieties of American and Deshi cotton, use 20 % more than recommended seed rate and reduce intrarow spacing. Early *Bt* cotton varieties may also be preferred.
- Reduce the area under sole green gram and blackgram OR include as intercrops with slightly higher seed rate.
- For sorghum use early to mid-late varieties and use 20-25% more seed rate.

West Bengal

Gangetic West Bengal has received 275 mm rainfall (20% deficit) so far, while Sub-Himalayan West Bengal received 614 mm rainfall (9% deficit).

- Maintain proper drainage channel for vegetable and jute field as good amount of rainfall received during last couple of days and also rainfall forecast is there for coming five days.
- Transplanting operation of kharif rice should be completed as early as possible.
- Due to humid and warm weather, infestation of blight in vegetable crops is likely to increase; spray Mancozeb @ 2 g per liters of water, if the weather is sunny.
- Water harvesting tank can be made in low lying regions for facilitating the jute retting with the harvested rain water.

Note: The above is a general overview for the states. However, ICAR (CRIDA) has prepared district level contingency plans (covering all farming situations within the district) and placed in the websites of the Department of Agriculture Cooperation & Farmers' Welfare, Government of India (www.agricoop.nic.in) and CRIDA (www.crida.in) for further details.

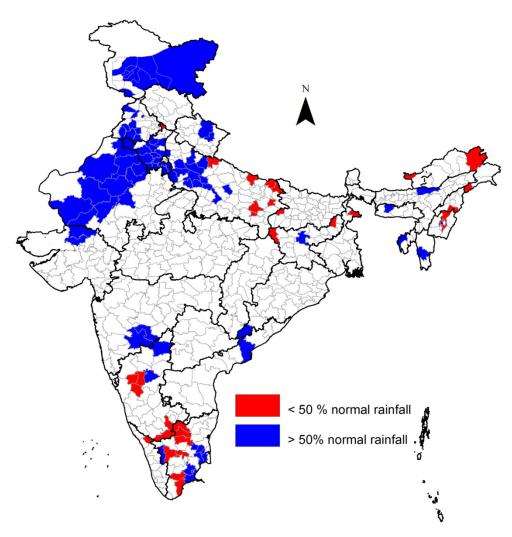


Figure 1: Districts received > 50% deficit and excess rainfall compared to normal during 1 June - 9 July 2017 (Prepared by AICRPAM based on the data provided by IMD)

Table 2: Districts which received more than 50% deficit rainfall compared to normal (1 June to 9 July 2017) (Source: IMD)

| S NO | Subdivision | Met. Subdivision/ut/state/district | ACTUAL (mm) | NORMAL (mm) | % DEP. |
|---------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-----------|
| 1 | Arunachal Pradesh | Dibang valley | 69 | 482.2 | -86 |
| 2 | | Tawang | 84 | 888.8 | -91 |
| 3 | | Tirap | 348.8 | 857.3 | -59 |
| 4 | | Phek | 99 | 410.1 | -76 |
| 5 | | Wokha | 292 | 587.9 | -50 |
| 6 | NMMT | Senapati | 75 | 477.4 | -84 |
| 7 | | Thoubal | 53 | 376.6 | -86 |
| 8 | | Saiha | 154 | 513.1 | -70 |
| 9 | West | Dakshin dinajpur | 197.8 | 402.6 | -51 |
| 10 | Bengal | South 24 parganas | 226.4 | 452.9 | -50 |
| 11 | 71 11 1 | Garhwa | 61.9 | 187.9 | -67 |
| 12 | Jharkhand | Gooda | 100.1 | 254.9 | -61 |
| 13 | Bihar | Buxar | 80.6 | 184 | -56 |
| 14 | | Jaunpur | 72.1 | 170.7 | -58 |
| 15 | | Kushinagar | 112.9 | 279 | -60 |
| 16 | F . III | Maharajganj | 109.8 | 291.6 | -62 |
| 17 | East UP | Mau | 66 | 189.7 | -65 |
| 18 | | Santravidasnagar | 32 | 146.2 | -78 |
| 19 | | Pilhibhit | 64.1 | 196.5 | -67 |
| 20 | Haryana Chandigarh Delhi | Panchkula | 58.8 | 184.7 | -68 |
| 21 | Clale attice and | Balarampur | 136 | 272.7 | -50 |
| 22 | Chhattisgarh | Surajpur | 136.2 | 288.2 | -53 |
| 23 | | Dharampuri | 16.3 | 71.6 | -77 |
| 24 | | Karur | 12.2 | 28.2 | -57 |
| 25 | | Krishnagiri | 21.1 | 75.6 | -72 |
| 26 | Tamilnadu | Salem | 32.1 | 91.3 | -65 |
| 27 | | Tiruppur | 13.6 | 30.7 | -56 |
| 28 | | Tuticorin | 1.2 | 10.5 | -88 |
| 29 | | Virudhunagar | 10 | 30.8 | -68 |
| 30 | NI Karnataka | Dharwad | 77.1 | 158.5 | -51 |
| 31 | | Gadag | 46.7 | 102 | -54 |
| 32 | | Haveri | 77.5 | 167.6 | -54 |
| 33 | SI | Chamarajanagar | 18.5 | 83.7 | -78 |
| 34 | Karnataka | Ramnagar | 40.7 | 93.1 | -56 |
| 35 | Kerala | Wayanad | 421.2 | 1085.6 | -61 |

Table 3: Districts which received more than 50% surplus rainfall compared to normal (1 June to 9 July 2017) (Source: IMD)

| S NO | Subdivision | Met. Subdivision/ut/state/district | ACTUAL (mm) | NORMAL (mm) | % DEP. |
|---------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-----------|
| | Arunachal | | | | |
| 1 | Pradesh | Lower dibang valley | 1242.1 | 482.2 | 158 |
| 2 | Assam & | Sonitpur | 820 | 481.5 | 70 |
| 3 | Meghalaya | East garo hills | 1129.8 | 648.6 | 74 |
| 4 | | Dimapur | 515.1 | 259.4 | 99 |
| 5 | NMMT | Imphal west | 863.9 | 408.3 | 112 |
| 6 | NMMI | Lunglei | 1243 | 623.8 | 99 |
| 7 | | West tripura | 868.5 | 540.3 | 61 |
| 8 | Odisha | Malkangiri | 483.8 | 307.7 | 57 |
| 9 | Jharkhand | Hazaribagh | 407 | 259.2 | 57 |
| 10 | | Farrukhabad | 193.4 | 129 | 50 |
| 11 | | Kannauj | 284.3 | 116.4 | 144 |
| 12 | East UP | Kanpur | 200.3 | 112 | 79 |
| 13 | | Lacknow | 248 | 144.7 | 71 |
| 14 | | Sahuji maharaj nagar | 257 | 169.5 | 52 |
| 15 | | Aligarh | 256.6 | 96.3 | 166 |
| 16 | | Badaun | 206.5 | 131.1 | 57 |
| 17 | | Baghpat | 200.6 | 86.2 | 133 |
| 18 | | Bareilly | 252.1 | 164.6 | 53 |
| 19 | | Bulandsahar | 170.9 | 105.1 | 63 |
| 20 | West UP | Etah | 237.6 | 102.8 | 131 |
| 21 | | Firozabad | 199.7 | 113.1 | 77 |
| 22 | | Kanshiramnagar | 321 | 105.1 | 205 |
| 23 | | Mainpuri | 241.4 | 112 | 116 |
| 24 | = | Mathura | 135.8 | 84.7 | 60 |
| 25 | | Moradabad | 265.2 | 165 | 61 |
| 26 | Uttarakhand | Bageshwar | 332.3 | 208.6 | 59 |
| 27 | Uttarakiiailu | Chamoli | 278.6 | 175.8 | 58 |
| 28 | | Bhiwani | 115.6 | 57.9 | 100 |
| 29 | | Faridabad | 236 | 81.1 | 191 |
| 30 | | Gurgaon | 142.3 | 72.7 | 96 |
| 31 | | Hisar | 148 | 61.1 | 142 |
| 32 | | Jhajjar | 270.8 | 66.5 | 307 |
| 33 | Haryana Chandigarh Delhi | Jind | 157.8 | 77.9 | 103 |
| 34 | | Kaithal | 130.9 | 66.2 | 98 |
| 35 | | Karnal | 199.8 | 113.5 | 76 |
| 36 | | Mahendragarh | 203.1 | 72 | 182 |
| 37 | | Mewat | 186.7 | 74.9 | 149 |
| 38 | | Palwal | 113 | 66.3 | 70 |
| 39 | | Rewari | 186.3 | 57.7 | 223 |

| S NO | Subdivision | Met. Subdivision/ut/state/district | ACTUAL (mm) | NORMAL (mm) | % DEP. |
|---------|--------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-----------|
| 40 | | Rohtak | 139.8 | 86 | 63 |
| 41 | | Sirsa | 80.9 | 45.9 | 76 |
| 42 | | Sonipat | 158.7 | 84 | 89 |
| 43 | | New delhi | 258 | 106.4 | 142 |
| 44 | | North delhi | 193.3 | 106.4 | 82 |
| 45 | | Amritsar | 180.3 | 91.7 | 97 |
| 46 | | Barnala | 181 | 64.6 | 180 |
| 47 | | Bathinda | 141.8 | 58.3 | 143 |
| 48 | Duniah | Faridkot | 133.6 | 64.6 | 107 |
| 49 | Punjab | Kapurthala | 222.5 | 75.5 | 195 |
| 50 | | Mansa | 126.9 | 54.3 | 134 |
| 51 | | Moga | 184.6 | 62.1 | 197 |
| 52 | | Muktsar | 184.9 | 57.6 | 221 |
| 53 | | Anantnag | 150.9 | 86.1 | 75 |
| 54 | | Badgam | 74.3 | 45.5 | 63 |
| 55 | | Bandipore | 110 | 39.7 | 177 |
| 56 | | Baramula | 169 | 78.2 | 116 |
| 57 | | Doda | 221.6 | 98 | 126 |
| 58 | | Ganderwal | 108.2 | 49.3 | 119 |
| 59 | | Jammu | 209.3 | 129.1 | 62 |
| 60 | Jammu & Kashmir | Kargil | 24.2 | 11.1 | 118 |
| 61 | Kasiiiiii | Kulgam | 153 | 58.1 | 163 |
| 62 | | Leh and ladakh | 19.6 | 7.4 | 164 |
| 63 | | Pulwama | 100.4 | 34.4 | 192 |
| 64 | | Ramban | 194.5 | 87.4 | 122 |
| 65 | | Riasi | 443.5 | 200.5 | 121 |
| 66 | | Shopian | 123 | 59 | 108 |
| 67 | | Srinagar | 99.1 | 49.3 | 101 |
| 68 | | Barmer | 93 | 50.4 | 84 |
| 69 | | Bikaner | 97 | 47.9 | 103 |
| 70 | | Churu | 110.2 | 65 | 70 |
| 71 | | Hanumangarh | 96.4 | 57.3 | 68 |
| 72 | West Rajasthan | Jalor | 146.7 | 77.9 | 88 |
| 73 | Kajasulali | Jodhpur | 134.5 | 52.2 | 158 |
| 74 | | Nagaur | 179 | 68.5 | 161 |
| 75 | | Pali | 148.7 | 84.9 | 75 |
| 76 | | Ajmer | 140 | 75.6 | 85 |
| 77 | East | Jhunjhunun | 123.4 | 80.6 | 53 |
| 78 | Rajasthan | Sikar | 131.3 | 79.6 | 65 |
| 79 | G: . | Banaskantha | 195.4 | 124.7 | 57 |
| 80 | Gujarat | Patan | 268.5 | 115.8 | 132 |
| 81 | Sourashtra | Dadar & nagar haveli | 1013 | 580.9 | 74 |

| S NO | Subdivision | Met. Subdivision/ut/state/district | ACTUAL (mm) | NORMAL (mm) | % DEP. |
|---------|-----------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-----------|
| 82 | & Kutch | Morbi | 286.6 | 142 | 102 |
| 83 | Madhya Maharashtra | Solapur | 227.4 | 125.6 | 81 |
| 84 | Marathwada | Osmanabad | 259.9 | 173.2 | 50 |
| 85 | Chhattisgarh | Sukma | 616 | 282.8 | 118 |
| | Coastal Andhra | | | | |
| 86 | Pradesh | East godavari | 290.5 | 191.6 | 52 |
| 87 | | Ariyalur | 127.4 | 65.4 | 95 |
| 88 | | Coimbatore | 89 | 48.2 | 85 |
| 89 | | Perambalur | 80.1 | 42.1 | 90 |
| 90 | Tamilnadu | Ramanathapuram | 37.4 | 21.6 | 73 |
| 91 | 1 amilnadu | Sivaganga | 158.3 | 58.9 | 169 |
| 92 | | Teni | 58.9 | 31.8 | 85 |
| 93 | | Thanjavur | 94 | 56.6 | 66 |
| 94 | | Thiruvarur | 96.8 | 49.5 | 96 |
| 95 | NI | Gulbarga | 247.9 | 151.1 | 64 |
| 96 | Karnataka | Koppal | 138.5 | 85.9 | 61 |